



PUBLISHED DAILY AND TRI-WEEKLY BY  
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MONDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 11.

American diplomatic communications, of course, are more frequent with England than with any other foreign country, and if they pass between Secretary Evans and Lord Salisbury, as in the case of the existing imbroglio in regard to the payment of the Canadian award, why the necessity of an American minister at London? And, if no minister be required there, why have one anywhere else? The fact is, as we have often before said, steam and electricity, and the manners and customs of modern civilization, have done away with the necessity of the diplomatic service, and as it is exceedingly expensive, it should be abolished at the first opportunity. As long, however, as it is in operation, it would be better if the forms and usages that attended it, when its existence was a necessity, were observed. Ministers formerly conducted the correspondence, and kept it secret until it had ceased, either by the settlement of the question which occasioned it, or by some other mode, but Mr. Evans not only writes the communications, as he should do, but is so proud of his productions that he gives them to the press, and that, too, even before he has been informed of the reception they have met at the hands of those to whom they were addressed, as he should not do.

Among the contingencies of the next presidential election it may be thrown into the House of Representatives. In that case the republicans will be likely to succeed, for the estimate which placed an equal number of States on either side, with Indiana evenly divided and in the hands of the greenback candidate elected in that State, has been upset by late returns from Florida, which, by equally dividing the congressional delegation from that State, removes it from the democratic column, and, though that removal doesn't give the republicans the requisite majority, it gives them the advantage, and all know how they avail themselves of such opportunities. Fortunately, however, the contingency alluded to is hardly possible, for the fear of the greenback vagary will have ceased by that time, while the numerous instances of radical mistle, crowded by that which obtained them the presidency, can never be effaced from the memory of the American people; and it would be unattractive for freedom to allow a party guilty of such mistle to remain in power any longer than the arrival of an opportunity to displace it quietly.

Eight gold dollars could be bought at any broker's and at any time, in New York, last Saturday, for eight greenback dollars and one copper cent. In other words the premium on gold was one eighth of one per cent., which is as cheap as gold could be bought there with the best Virginia money before the war. And yet there are southern people who profess—for we cannot believe they are in earnest—to be in favor of measures that could have no other possible effect than to increase the price of gold, and to make that increase vary in accordance with the difference in the value of the State money that would be offered for it. Considering the damage Virginia's credit has sustained, and the reputation she now bears, Virginia money, if there were such a thing, would be quoted probably in New York at par with that of the late Confederacy.

In the Circuit Court of this county, Judge Keith presiding, a decree was entered, on Saturday last, against John B. Alley and the representatives of Oakes Ames and Samuel Hooper, in favor of W. N. McVeigh for \$35,000. The defendants, during the war distinguished members of Congress from Massachusetts, well known in the Credit Mobilier enterprise, desiring to place a little of their money where it would do the most good, formed a fraudulent combination ring, and, by a very small expenditure, got possession of a very large portion of Mr. McVeigh's real estate, in this city, which they held for some twelve or fifteen years. Mr. McVeigh is now requiring his dividend, and the decrees to which we refer is only the first installment.

Ex Gov. Chamberlain, of South Carolina, who has been indicted for frauds committed in that State, makes haste to announce through the newspapers that he will appear and stand his trial. Now while the appearance when summoned would have looked infinitely better than this public announcement of a determination to appear, still, as the ex-Governor has made it, we hope his heart may not fail him when the time comes; and if he shall be acquitted none will congratulate him more sincerely than those who now believe him guilty, of whom we are one.

The light punishment awarded criminals by Virginia justice is commented upon unfavorably by the northern newspapers, but a comparison of cases will satisfy any unprejudiced man that though the punishment alluded to is entirely too light, that inflicted by northern juries is by no means heavier. Unfortunately for the welfare of the whole country, some northern newspapers would comment unfavorably upon anything said or done in the South, no matter how commendable it might be.

The election of a republican congressman in Florida, two in North Carolina, one in Missouri, one in Virginia, and one in Maryland, in some districts defeating democratic incumbents, and in others, as the one in this State, by greatly increased majorities, shows that the intimidation of colored voters in the South was as much a myth as the greenback strength in the North.

Mej. Geo. Freener, a prominent member of the Hagerstown bar, died suddenly yesterday morning. He was a Confederate officer.

### News of the Day.

The county of Deatur, Indiana, has elected a young blind man, Mr. John Q. Donnell, to the State Legislature.

An arrangement will soon go into effect, by which the clearing houses will receive the United States legal tender notes at par with gold.

The farm buildings and store belonging to Robert McCrea at Champlain, N. Y., were totally destroyed by fire Saturday night. Eleven horses, including the stallion Black Warrior, valued at \$1,200 were consumed.

Col. W. Milner Roberts, engineer in chief of the Northern Pacific Railroad, has been appointed by the Emperor of Brazil, to take charge of the improvement of the water ways of that empire, with a salary of \$20,000 a year for three years, or less than three years \$25,000 a year.

Dispatches from the Northwest Territory report the outbreak of a war on the plains between the Assiniboines and the Sioux, in which the Blackfeet are taking part in consequence of the Assiniboines having stolen some of their horses. A Blackfeet chief has been killed. The Sioux have lost eight killed.

Nothing has been effected towards the recovery of the securities stolen from the Manhattan Savings Bank of New York. At the police headquarters it was stated that there are no new discoveries in the Manhattan Bank robbery. The thieves and the stolen bonds were still beyond the reach of the police. The Inspector of police said he was ignorant of any new developments in the robbery case.

Robert B. Jourdan, an employee in the office of the tax collector of Brooklyn, died Thursday night, after a brief illness in that city. The deceased, who served during the war with the Fourteenth Regiment, National Guard, was lieutenant colonel, and was wounded in the second battle of Bull Run. He was fifty-two years of age and a native of Virginia, but had resided in Brooklyn many years. He was a republican in politics and held the position of clerk in the tax office for about ten years.

The fire at Cape May, noticed in Saturday's Gazette, has laid more than one half of the principal part of the city in ashes. The flames swept through the central portion of the city, and as all of the buildings are of wood and the various squares divided by narrow streets, they fell an easy prey. The burned district embraces nearly four acres of spacious buildings, including ten hotels and nineteen or twenty cottages. The following hotels were destroyed:—Ocean House, Congress Hall, Centre House, Merchants Hotel, Centennial House, Atlantic House, Knickerbocker House, Avenue House, Wyoming House and Columbia House.

At the execution of William Rainey, at Warrenton, North Carolina, last Friday for murder, there was great excitement. The dense crowds of negroes, dressed in their best and gayest, who surrounded the jail yard, when the drop fell burst forth in loud wails from the women and deep, wild howlings from the men. Then began a scene which beggars description. Fully five thousand negro men, women and children blockaded every street and vacant space near the jail, wailing, mourning, shouting, praying and making all kinds of dismal and hideous sounds, like so many wild demons, while the whole mass moved and swayed to and fro. The body was cut down and buried by the county, as none of Rainey's relatives or friends claimed it.

### Virginia News.

The Virginia Annual Conference will meet in Petersburg on Wednesday next.

Col. James O'Connell, a popular citizen of Lynchburg, was paralyzed last Saturday night. Samuel Blunt has been fined \$100 and sent to jail for two months, in Richmond, for dealing false.

Victor D. C. Butler, a widower, aged 43 years, and said to be a native of Virginia, shot and killed himself in New York Friday afternoon.

The will of the late Mrs. Col. John Symington, of Richmond, Va., has been filed for probate in Baltimore. The testatrix bequeaths the sum of five thousand dollars in trust funds for her daughter Edith, and the residue thereof, if any remaining, to Mrs. General Boggs. She bequeaths three thousand dollars in bonds of the Morris and Essex Railroad, of New Jersey, to her grand children, Gen. Boggs and others are named as her executors. The husband of the deceased, Col. John Symington, U. S. A., was in charge of Harper's Ferry before the war. Mrs. Symington was an aunt of Gen. George Pickett.

**Stewart's Body.**  
New York, Nov. 11.—The Herald prints the following:—About two o'clock this morning one of the police officials who has been actively engaged in working up the case, stated as a positive fact that the detectives had at last succeeded in obtaining information relative to the whereabouts of the remains of the late A. T. Stewart. The entire facts, said the official, will be made public very soon. It is now only a question of brief time when the remains will be secured. We have learned enough to indicate where the remains are hidden, and we are sure of being able to arrest the thieves.

The body of A. T. Stewart had been found have not been confirmed to day. The truth of such reports is denied at the police headquarters. Stewart's body and the thieves who stole it are still hidden from the police. Judge Hilton said this morning that he had no new information.

**The Cape May Fire.**  
CAPE MAY, N. J., Nov. 11.—To-day the ruins of Saturday's fire are still smouldering, and are being visited by numbers of people. The residents generally have got over their alarm, and to day are at their avocations as usual. A tour through the burned district shows that everything in the path of the flames covering an area of 40 acres, was utterly ruined. A walk along the beach shows nothing but a mass of burned and ruined bath houses. In some places efforts are being made to clear away the debris. The Stockton row of cottages were only slightly damaged, and several had their roofs partially burned. Some of the owners of cottages are already securing plans, preparatory to rebuilding.

**Fishery Case.**  
OTTAWA, Nov. 11.—Sir A. T. Galt is here for the purpose of assisting the Government in the preparation of the Canadian case in the fishery dispute for the information of the British foreign office. It is understood he will be sent to England by the Dominion government in order to present its view of the case.

**Rondout, N. Y., Nov. 11.**—On Sunday, October 27th, Charles and Peter Shultz, brothers, employed in Chester's shoe factory at Chichester, Ulster county, quarrelled about a job of cattle. Peter struck Charles on the head with a stone, from the effects of which he died last night.

**Mortgaged.**  
TROY, N. Y., Nov. 11.—The Troy and Boston Railroad was mortgaged to-day for one million dollars. The mortgage bonds to be issued are to take up five hundred thousand dollars in bonds due in 1882 and liquidate the floating debt.

**Foreign News.**  
It is asserted that the Russians have reconquered the district of Malgara, near the Gulf of Saros.

The reports of the ill health of the Czar are again positively contradicted.

It is considered in official circles that Russia must adhere solely to the treaty of Berlin, whatever events may arise in Turkey. It is certain that Russia earnestly desires an understanding with England, both in Europe and Asia, to fix the limits of their respective influence.

Forty nine of the leading Beys of Serbia have presented an address to General Philipovich in favor of the annexation of the country to Austria.

A dispatch from Vienna says insurgent committees on the frontiers of Rumania and in many places in Macedonia are recruiting men under thirty five years of age and arming the elders for the defence of their homes. The insurgents are well armed and provisioned. The Turks are confident of suppressing the insurrection if reinforcements arrive speedily.

It is asserted in Rome that the negotiations in favor of Greece have been suspended until Premier Camoucondouris explains his policy.

A dispatch from Rome says the clerical party have announced their intention of participating with the greatest energy in the elections which must immediately follow the contemplated extension of the franchise.

Hopes are entertained at Simla of a peaceful solution of the Afghan difficulty. It is supposed that Russia is exercising pressure upon the Ameer with this object. The Ameer, moreover, despairs of success against the British. The commander in chief of the British forces has started for Peshawar. General Brown's division will strike the first blow if war is declared.

Nearly one half of the cotton mills in the Ashton-under-Lyne district, England, have stopped work in consequence of the depression in trade, and many are only running on short time.

The Banbar Coal Company of Edinburgh, with a total share and debenture capital of £734,000, has announced its inability to meet its payments.

A Madrid correspondent states that Monasi, who attempted to assassinate the King, will be tried this week.

The Paris exhibition was finally closed at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The receipts since the opening were 12,653,746 francs.

The Lord Mayor's banquet took place in London on Saturday, and Lord Beaconsfield, in replying to a toast, said that Her Majesty's Ministers were determined that the Berlin treaty should be carried out in spirit and to the letter. The government had received no intimation that any of the signatory powers intended to evade its complete fulfillment, and pointed out that, although only one third of the time specified had elapsed, a number of its provisions were already fulfilled. Count Von Bismarck, the Austrian Ambassador, spoke in sympathy with Lord Beaconsfield.

Dr. Isaac Butt, member of the English Parliament, has issued an address to the home rulers declaring that the policy of obstruction recently proclaimed at a meeting in Dublin will lead to a total disruption of the Irish Parliamentary party. He denies that his policy is a failure, and asserts that more has been done in the last four years than ever before to make the voice of Ireland respected and influential.

A dispatch from Cape Town, Cape of Good Hope, states that fighting has been resumed in the Transvaal district. A British detachment of five hundred men was compelled to retreat before an overwhelming force of Kaffirs. They subsequently made a night attack on the English, but were repulsed with heavy loss. The Colonial Government is making active military preparations to punish the Kaffirs.

**LATER.**  
LONDON, Nov. 11.—The Northumberland coal miners have agreed to accept 12½ per cent reduction in their wages.

The subscriptions in Glasgow to the fund for the relief of the City of Glasgow Bank shareholders have reached £93,000 and in Edinburgh £27,000.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—The "Times" correspondent at Darjeeling believes that there is no probability of the reply of the Ameer of Afghanistan to the British ultimatum being other than hostile, unless under Russian guidance he couches it in ambiguous terms in order to postpone an inevitable war until he is better prepared to resist our forces.

Lord Beaconsfield's speech at the Lord Mayor's banquet, on Saturday night, has created a favorable impression. The general tone of the dispatches, and the press comments on the situation indicate the subsidence of the recent uneasiness.

Among the passengers on the steamship Scythia, which sailed from Liverpool for New York on Saturday, were Lady Thornton, wife of Sir Edward Thornton; Major Farwood, of Liverpool; U. S. Senator Bruce, of Mississippi; General Burnett, Hon. John L. Hoffman, of New York, and Milton S. Latham, of San Francisco.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—Lord Justice Christian, of the Court of Appeal, in Ireland, has resigned on account of increasing dullness of his hearing.

**Hunter's Doom.**  
The Philadelphia correspondent of the New York Herald says: Benj. Hunter, convicted July 3 in the Camden (N. J.) city court of the murder of John M. Armstrong, was this morning brought into court before Judge Woodhull, who announced the judgment of the court upon the motions argued last Monday for arrest of judgment and for a new trial, refusing to grant either. Mr. Robeson, of counsel for the prisoner, moved that an order be entered discharging his client, alleging that no murder had occurred in New Jersey, as the victim died in Pennsylvania. This request was at once refused by Judge Woodhull, who then, after some moments of meditation, the few people present maintaining a breathless silence, with their eyes fixed on him, proceeded to pronounce the death sentence in a voice full of pity and tremulous with emotion, saying:—"Prisoner at the bar, Benjamin Hunter, please stand up." [Hunter who had been seated, arose.] You have been convicted of the wilful, deliberate and premeditated murder of John M. Armstrong. You have been convicted by the law, and by the law you must suffer death. Have you anything to say why the sentence of the law should not now be passed upon you? Hunter, the centering point of all eyes, stood with his arms folded on his breast, and to the judge's question answered, "I have nothing to add, except what has been said by my counsel."

Then Judge Woodhull continued, "Nothing then remains for me except to pronounce, in the name of this court, the dreadful sentence and judgment of this court, which is that you, Benj. Hunter, return to the prison from whence you came and that you remain there until the 10th day of January next, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and seventy-nine. From thence you shall be taken to the place of execution, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and two o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, to be hanged by the neck until you are dead; and may God have mercy on your soul."

The recovery of Hunter in a different manner, no emotion being visible on his countenance and not even a tremor in his frame as he bowed his head and sat down. And then he was escorted back to his cage, with head erect and a smile on his face, speaking to no one, except what has been said by my counsel."

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The railroad excitement at Tonawanda, New York, has subsided. The Buffalo and Lockport Railroad men relaid the track across the New York Central tracks on Saturday without opposition. An engine had been placed on the crossing to prevent the work, but this was removed to one side by the Lockport men.

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### Athletic Sports at the Episcopal High School.

The third annual Athletic Day at the Episcopal High School, near this city, was last Saturday, and the sports incident to that occasion on the south playground were witnessed by a large number of visitors, mostly from Alexandria.

The managers on the part of the boys were Brice W. Goldsborough, of Maryland, S. Bankhead Garrett, of King George, and Jonathan C. Meredith, of Winchester. The judges, selected and invited to act by the managers, were Col. Wm. W. Blackford, of Washington, and Rev. Prof. K. Nelson, D. D., and Mr. W. H. Assheton, of the Theological Seminary.

The weather was in the main favorable, though a keen wind which blew much of the day rendered it less pleasant than it would otherwise have been. The sun was bright enough.

The presentation of prizes followed upon the ground immediately after the conclusion of the sports. Col. Blackford as senior judge announcing the awards, and the prizes being given by the fair hands of Mrs B. of Alexandria.

The following is the list of sports with names of the successful competitors:

1st. Throwing the ball; prize, a ball and two bats; nine competitors; winner, E. Holmes Shearer, of W. Va., who threw 341 feet.

2d. Foot race, 60 yards; prize, pair of Adams Club Shavers; eleven competitors; winner, Edmond H. Walton, of Philadelphia; time, 2 m. 17 sec.

3d. Junior hurdle race, 6 hurdles in 140 yards; prize, a fine English game bag; six competitors; winner, R. Goodwyn Rutt, of South Carolina; time, 20 seconds.

4th. Running long jump; prize, a set of boxing gloves; eight competitors; winner, S. Bankhead Garrett, of King George; distance, 14 feet 8 in.

5th. Egg and ladle race; prize, a fine pocket knife; nine competitors; winner, Thomas T. Powell, of Alexandria; time, 20 seconds.

6th. Flat race, 440 yards; prize, a powder flask and shot pouch; nine competitors; winner, Frederick F. Lloyd, of Alexandria; time, 1 m. 15 seconds.

7th. Running high jump; prize, a horseman's knife; six competitors; winner, Robert C. Taylor, of Baltimore; height, 4 feet 4 inches.

8th. Three-legged race, 100 yards; prize, two pocket knives; eleven pairs of competitors; winners, Robert E. Balling, of Wytheville, and Robert T. Wilson, of Baltimore; time, 14 seconds.

9th. Flat race, 100 yards; prize, a box of tools; nine competitors; winner, Frederick F. Lloyd, of Alexandria; time, 15 seconds.

10th. Senior hurdle race, 6 hurdles in 140 yards; prize, a fine double shot belt; seven competitors; winner, Robert T. Wilson, of Baltimore; time, 18 seconds.

11th. Flat race, 1 mile, handicapped; prize, a pair of rosewood clubs; fourteen competitors; winner, S. Bankhead Garrett, of King George; time, 6 minutes.

12th. Sack race, 75 yards; prize, a box of tools; four competitors; winner, B. W. Goldsborough, of Maryland; time, 24 seconds.

13th. Pig race; prize, the pig; twenty-five competitors; this race was won by the pig himself, he having finally distanced all pursuers and made his escape in the woods.

14th. Consolation race, 300 yards, open only to those who have engaged in one or more of the preceding contests and have taken no prize; prize, a fine pocket knife; winner, Jonathan C. Meredith, of Winchester.

**Falls Church Affairs.**  
A correspondent of the Washington Star writing from Falls Church says:

The summer is now ended, and so is the harvest. Corn is generally good. Potatoes, as over the country extensively, are a very meagre crop. The dry weather during the season when the tubers were forming did the work. Turnips are very short also. I never had a failure of the winter turnip—the most famous of all of this class or breed of the excellent root family—before this closing season. I had come to regard them as never-failing. Cabbage are a short crop. The cabbage butterfly have been as plentiful in the cabbage fields as leaves in Valambrosa, and have ruined the crop. Some of the fields look as if they had been the scene of a long continued hotly contested, great battle, and the leaves are literally riddled.

The Lecture Association have given us two lectures of the course of twelve. The president of the association, and Rev. Benj. W. Bond, delivered the first subject, "Something about Patents," was a good one. "Second delivered by Prof. F. B. Hood, of your city, was on "The Air We Breathe" and was replete with very instructive facts. The third is to be delivered by Prof. Neil Graham on Tuesday evening next. The Rev. Lester B. Platt, the able pastor of the Congregational church here, has organized a bell-letters club among the young men and misses. It is quite popular with the young folks. The third association in the place has no distinguishing title that I have heard of. Its object is musical and literary exercises and social interchange. This, too, seems to be a successful enterprise. The first subject was "Something about Patents," was a good one. "Second delivered by Prof. F. B. Hood, of your city, was on "The Air We Breathe" and was replete with very instructive facts. The third is to be delivered by Prof. Neil Graham on Tuesday evening next. The Rev. Lester B. Platt, the able pastor of the Congregational church here, has organized a bell-letters club among the young men and misses. It is quite popular with the young folks. The third association in the place has no distinguishing title that I have heard of. Its object is musical and literary exercises and social interchange. This, too, seems to be a successful enterprise.

The trees is known by its fruit, and the town by its transactions. What locality around the Capital can match this in its activities in relation to those subjects that distinguish communities? A farmer's club is talked of. There are many experienced men in the agricultural part of the community. An association among the predial class here, formed to relate experiences, compare results, discuss new methods of cultivation, etc., would be exceedingly entertaining and instructive in its transactions to the untrained—aye, even to the practical. This being a new thing, some of the most interesting dating, probably, fifteen years back. I took the position in sundry northern Ohio papers that to grow fine crops and improve steers, sheep, horses, hogs and asses, was very necessary and important; but that these transactions were to be considered not as a means of aspiration, but as a means of leading them on to this higher aim I urged the managers of agricultural fairs to make the important matter in the premium list, the premiums for essays to be read at the fairs. I didn't make a ripple even in intelligent northern Ohio. I saw this fall that in this State, where common school education seems to be at a discount and where the State authorities have closed the public schools by a wrong conversion of the school money to another or other purposes, that the Piedmont agricultural fair board had led off, possibly, ahead of the rest of most of the other premiums for essays. Good for that Piedmont board.

One of the Februarys on a recent night lost two loads of cabbage. Dr. Gott had his surgical instruments stolen. Some one else had had parts of harness stolen. I hear that considerable corn has husked itself and gone to market, or to feed other families than those of the growers.

**A Stranded Steamer.**  
NEWBURYPORT, Mass., Nov. 11.—The steamer Panther, from Philadelphia for this port, ran ashore off the mouth of the harbor last night and lies in a dangerous position, just toward of the north breakers. Steamers from this place have gone to her assistance. The Panther has a cargo of 800 tons of coal, a portion of which was thrown overboard to lighten her. She belongs to the Pennsylvania and Reading Coal Company.

**LATER.**  
The steamer Panther was towed off the north breaker without damage this forenoon.

**Arrest and Escape of an Incendiary.**  
CINCINNATI, Nov. 11.—A special dispatch says on last Friday night H. D. Meek, book-keeper at the Bellaire, Ohio, gas works, was arrested charged with arson in firing the office for the purpose of destroying the books of the company and thus covering up supposed defalcations. Meek had given a bond for his appearance on Saturday but did not appear. It is supposed he has fled the country. Owing to the complicated condition of the books the amount of the defalcation, if there is one, is not yet determined.

The railroad excitement at Tonawanda, New York, has subsided. The Buffalo and Lockport Railroad men relaid the track across the New York Central tracks on Saturday without opposition. An engine had been placed on the crossing to prevent the work, but this was removed to one side by the Lockport men.

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**Why Prayers are not Answered.**  
Mr. Moody's lecture last Friday night was the most interesting he has yet delivered. He said people often wonder now a days why their prayers are not answered. Some think they have no power with God, and others that He really never answers prayers. The fault is not with God, but with us. Our hearts are not chaste and we have not put away sin when we go before God. Men are possessed of devils, just as much now as they ever were. The devil of rum is as great as any that ever lived. Why can't this one and all others be cast out? Because there is sin in the Christian camp. There is a Joshua on board the ship. If Christians live like worldly people how can they expect God to answer their prayers? If the man preaching the Gospel don't practice what he preaches his voice is like sounding brass and tinkling cymbal. Let all the church people of Baltimore live up to what they preach for 30 days and there would be a wonderful change for good in society. If Christianity is only an empty profession it had better be thrown away. God will not answer the prayers of one of His children, when that child is hiding his sins. His prayers are an abomination to the Lord. Mr. Moody then spoke of the ambition of church members to be thought "the greatest," and read numerous passages from the Bible to show that this unworthy ambition existed even among the Twelve Apostles, and how it was rebuked by Christ. There are, he said, two many men now who think more of their own dignity and wealth and social standing than they do of God. This is the vice which is marrying half of Christendom. This is the sin which has come like a flood into the churches until it seems as if some Christians were more for the glory of self than for the glory of God. People should not see us, but the light of Jesus Christ shining through our lives. Just think of the hushing which the Saviour practiced and taught and imagine one of your great bishops or popes, or elders or church potentates of any denomination, for they are all alike in their pride, as an humble servant under all! It is this that the man who has been given some high rank in the church by his fellow men who will stand closest to God, unless that man has an humble and contrite heart. Look after your character, live honestly, soberly and righteously, and God will take care of your reputation.—*Baltimore Gazette.*

**A Bloodhound on the Trail.**  
A large number of curious people still hang around the railing of the graveyard from which the remains of the late A. T. Stewart were stolen, gazing vacantly through the bars, and asking any number of silly questions. Last Saturday Commissioner Nichols went to the church, taking with him a large Cuban bloodhound.

When the gate was opened the savage barked loudly, and at a moment later had his nose to the ground uttering meanwhile low, fierce growls. His keen scent immediately discovered the trail left by the body while being taken from the grave to the portico, and dashing along, the brute stopped suddenly behind the western base of the pair of columns supporting the portico on that side. Rushing forward, he was brought to a standstill at the foot of the tree which stands at the southwest corner of the yard, adjoining the Tenth street railing and the house, 129 Tenth street, at which place there was every evidence that the body had been taken from the yard. The spot where the body had been laid on the grass while the thieves were waiting the tree is still very offensive, and was quickly ferreted out by the bloodhound, which did valuable service in aiding the smell of the police authorities.

The trail from the grave to where the body was lifted over the fence is broad and palpable to the smell of the duller person. The only question now is, which way did the thieves go after leaving the sidewalk in front of 129 Tenth street.

A number of well known thieves have been arrested in the hope of obtaining some clue to the mystery.

**Poor Grates.**—Unlike many foolish Christians, the Jews teach their children, girls as well as boys, some occupation by which they may earn a living. An exchange incalculable a similar practice upon all parents.

The poorest girls in the world are those who have never been taught to work. There are thousands of them. Rich parents have petted them; they have been taught to despise labor, and depend upon others for living, and are perfectly helpless. If misfortune comes upon their friends, as it often does, their case is hopeless.

The most forlorn and miserable women upon earth belong to this class. It belongs to parents to protect their daughters from this deplorable condition. They do them a great wrong if they neglect it. Every daughter ought to be taught to earn her own living. The rich as well as the poor require this training. The wheel of fortune rolls swiftly round; the rich are very likely to become poor, and the poor rich. Skilled to labor is no disadvantage to the rich, and is indispensable to the poor. Well-to-do parents must educate their children to work. No reform is more imperative than this.

**PARIS UNDERGROUND.**—To-day, writes a Paris correspondent, have been journeying under Paris, partly by rail, partly by boat, in the main sewer. The traveling conveniences are superior to many above ground. The hand cars for passengers are neatly made and furnished with cane seats. You may sit in an Irish jaunting car, facing either side. Of the two other seats one faces front, the other rear. Each car or truck has four lamps. The propelling power is man, four to a truck. They roll directly over the sewer, the rails being laid on either side. The sewer in some places equals a road sized mining ditch in dimensions, with a pretty rapid current.

I cannot give the depth of water. I had no ambition to take soundings. One investigating passenger tried it with his cane, but found no bottom. After that I was afraid of his cane. The air throughout averaged a good strong smell. The men smoked. The ladies held perfumed handkerchiefs to their noses. Many ladies visit the sewers. It is "the thing" to do. At the Place de la Concorde we left the cars and took the gondolas. The sewers and stream are here much wider. Each gondola will hold about twenty persons.

Our fleet numbered about five or six gondolas. Each one carried a large globular lantern. So we sailed along in the dim, dark passage. Save an occasional stationary light, it was dark ahead, dark behind, dark below, damp and obscure all round. The barges rocked a little, but not agreeably. The motion was not exciting, it seemed that which might come on a sea of molasses in slight agitation. An hour and a quarter in the sewers of Paris is enough. You can always recollect the taste and smell afterward. When we emerged from these artificial bowels of Paris and the earth we doubly appreciated air and sunlight.

**COURT OF APPEALS.**—Appeal in the case of Kirkwood vs. Kirkwood and others, from a decree pronounced by the Circuit Court of Roanoke county.

Price's executor vs. Harrison's executor et al.; fully argued by L. R. Page for appellant and submitted.

Trevilian's executors vs. Guerrant's executor; passed.

Daniels Bank vs. Waddill's administrator; passed.

On Tuesday next the court will take up the case of Keon vs. Cabell on privileged docket, and after disposing of that case, will call and dispose of the argument docket, either trying the cases when called or continuing them to the next term.

### Yellow Fever.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 11.—The weather is clear and pleasant. Yellow fever deaths for the twenty-four hours ending at noon yesterday, 1.

JACKSON, MISS., Nov. 11.—No deaths from yellow fever to day. Only four deaths during the past seven days. Two cases since yesterday, one a returned refugee. An official register of new cases is no longer kept.

**POWER OF THE IMAGINATION.**—A story was told me once by Lord Lytton of his uncle Sir Henry Bulwer, who for some months suffered himself affected with paralysis of limbs; and who refused to put foot to the ground, but was wheeled in a chair by his servant. At last, one day, the Rhone steamer, on which he was traveling, caught fire; and the captain, having run to the beach, a plank was thrown out by which the passengers might land. The first person observed on this new bridge, and stepping nimbly down, was Sir Henry. When fairly safe upon the shore he remembered himself, and called out to his servant, "Carry me, Forster. But it was too late. Forster refused to hear more of his master's folly, and Sir Henry had to walk, and he walked very well to the day of his death.—*Protesus and Amelides.*

**A CHALLENGE.**—The proprietors of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup herewith challenge the Doctors of the United States to prescribe a remedy which is cheaper, more effective and which can give greater satisfaction than theirs.

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Mixed.....	0 40	4 3/4
Yellow.....	0 43	4 3/4